

→ / · Complex Analysis
 1. computation of complex numbers
 2. residue · /

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(%i8) / · 1-1. computation of complex numbers · /
/ · putting · /
α:4+7 · %i;
/ · sqrt of a negative number · /
sqrt(-3);
/ · addition · /
(1+2 · %i)+(4+3 · %i);
/ · a+b · %i · /
rectform((1+2 · %i) · (4+3 · %i));
rectform((1+2 · %i)/(3-4 · %i));
/ · real and imaginary parts · /
realpart(3+4 · %i);
imagpart(3+4 · %i);
/ · complex conjugate · /
conjugate(1/5+2/3 · %i);
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(α) 7 %i + 4

(%o2) $\sqrt{3}$ %i

(%o3) 5 %i + 5

(%o4) 11 %i - 2

(%o5) $\frac{2}{5} \text{ %i} - \frac{1}{5}$

(%o6) 3

(%o7) 4

(%o8) $\frac{1}{5} - \frac{2}{3} \text{ %i}$

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(%i14) / · 1-2. computation of complex numbers · /
/ · absolute value · /
abs(1/5+2/3 · %i);
/ · argument · /
carg(1/2+sqrt(3)/2 · %i);
/ · polar form · /
polarform(1+sqrt(3) · %i);
/ · the principal value of the logarithm · /
plog(1+sqrt(3) · %i);
/ · principal value · /
rectform(%i^%i);
rectform(%i^(1/%i));
```

$$(\%o9) \frac{\sqrt{109}}{15}$$

$$(\%o10) \frac{\pi}{3}$$

$$(\%o11) 2 e^{\frac{\%i \pi}{3}}$$

$$(\%o12) \log(2) + \frac{\%i \pi}{3}$$

$$(\%o13) e^{-\frac{\pi}{2}}$$

$$(\%o14) e^{\pi/2}$$

```
(%i23) / . 2. residue . /
      residue( z/( z^2 - A^2 ), z, A );
      residue( z/( z^2 - A^2 ), z, -A );
      residue(1/(z . (z^2-1)),z,0);
      residue(1/(z . (z^2-1)),z,1);
      residue(1/(z . (z^2-1)),z,-1);
      residue(1/(1+z^4),z,exp(%pi . %i/4));
      residue(1/(1+z^4),z,exp(3 . %pi . %i/4));
      residue(1/(1+z^4),z,exp(5 . %pi . %i/4));
      residue(1/(1+z^4),z,exp(7 . %pi . %i/4));
```

$$(\%o15) \frac{1}{2}$$

$$(\%o16) \frac{1}{2}$$

$$(\%o17) -1$$

$$(\%o18) \frac{1}{2}$$

$$(\%o19) \frac{1}{2}$$

$$(\%o20) -\frac{\%i+1}{2^{5/2}}$$

$$(\%o21) -\frac{\%i-1}{2^{5/2}}$$

$$(\%o22) \frac{\%i+1}{2^{5/2}}$$

$$(\%o23) \frac{\%i-1}{2^{5/2}}$$